

VIAXI

**8800SX
TETRA Base Station
Operation**



8800SX TETRA Base Station Test

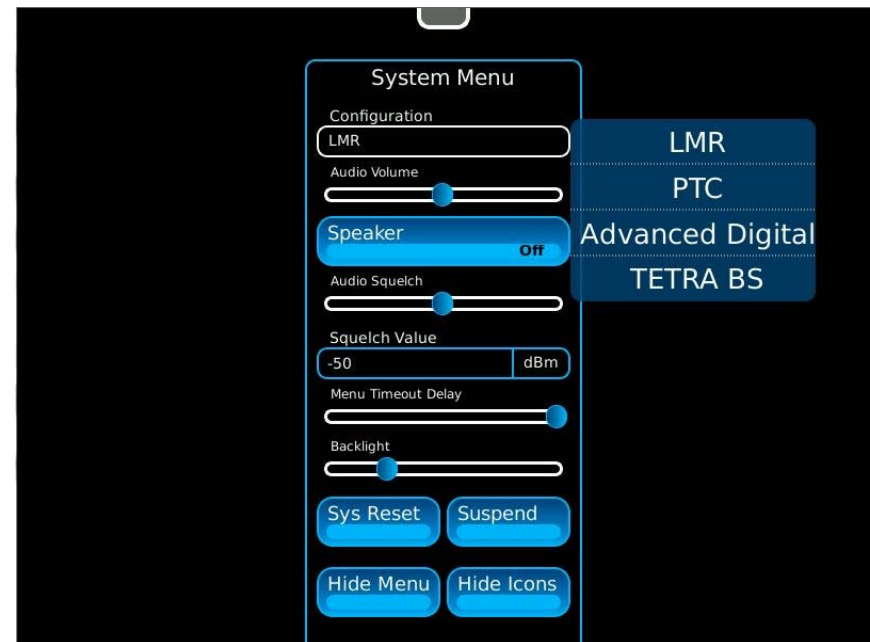
- The 8800SX TETRA Base Station Test option utilizes the ETSI standard defined TETRA T1 test mode.
 - ETSI is the European Telecommunications Standards Institute
 - The ETSI document is ETSI EN 300 394-1 V3.2.1 (2012-10)
 - The TETRA T1 Test Modes for Base Stations are defined in section 5.2
 - Test Receive Mode (5.2.1.2) and Test Transmit Mode (5.2.2.3)
 - Test signal T1 for base station testing is defined in section 5.3.2
 - TETRA phase modulated ($\pi/4$ DQPSK) signal with pseudo-random data
 - Used to perform receiver testing on TETRA Base Stations

Setting up the 8800SX for TETRA



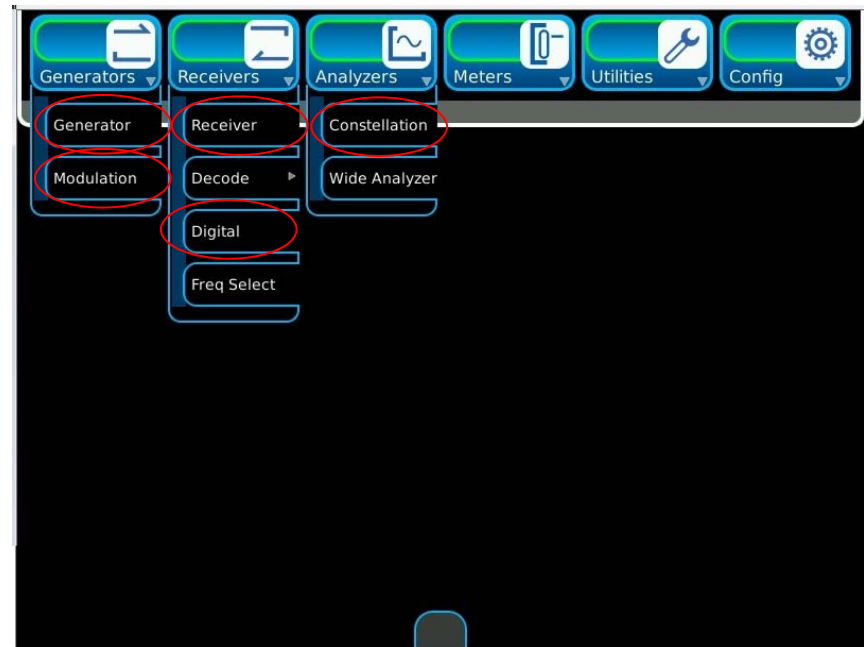
Selecting the TETRA BS (Base Station) Mode

- Select TETRA BS Mode from the main System menu
 - Display the main System Menu by pressing the button located just below the display.
 - Touch the “Configuration” entry, and then select “TETRA BS”
 - This will switch the system to TETRA BS (system will re-boot)



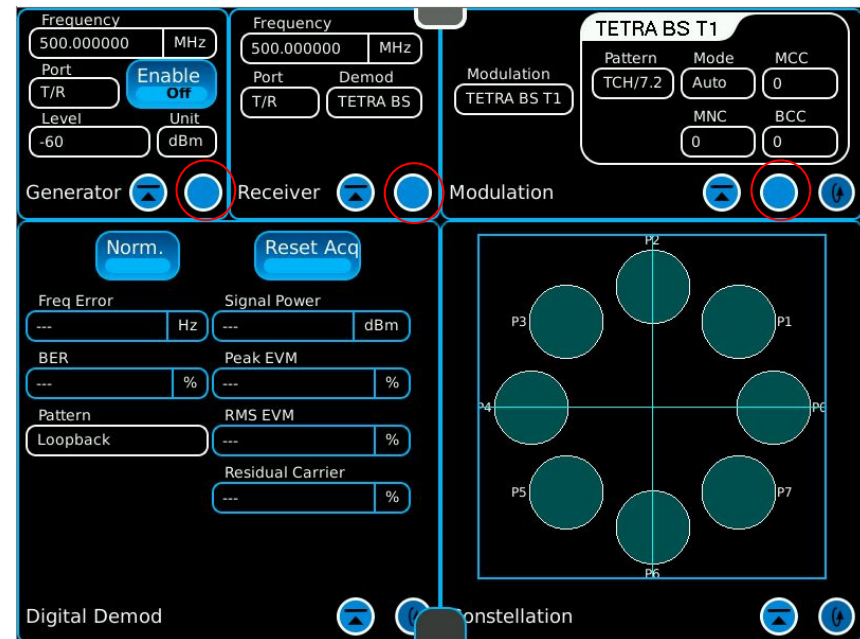
Example of setting up the screen for TETRA BS Testing

- The Diagram, shown to the right, is a partially exploded view of the menu structure of the 8800SX.
 - The red ellipses indicate the TETRA windows that are selected for the example TETRA BS test setup.



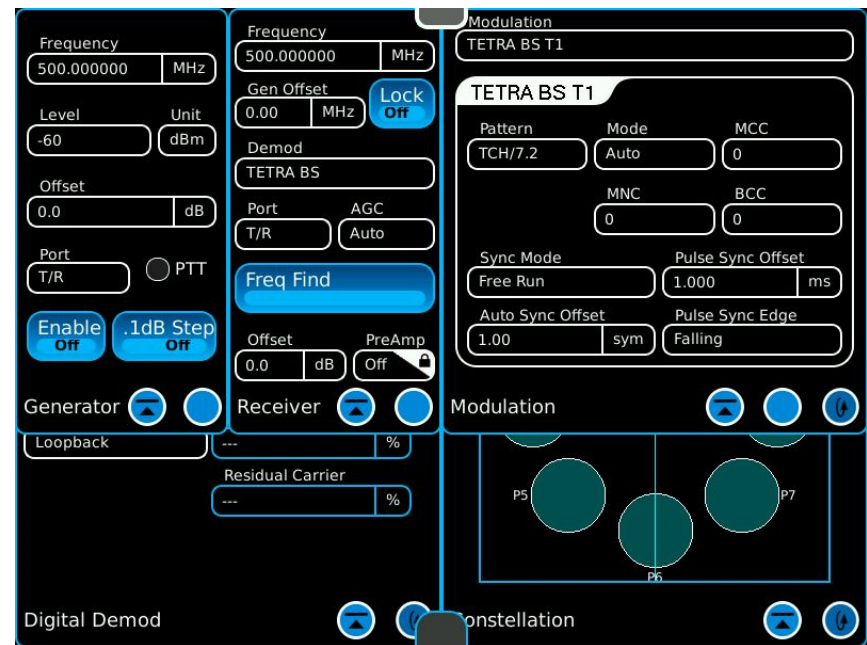
Example TETRA BS Setup

- After selecting these windows, position them as shown in the diagram to the right.
- The windows with the blue circles can be expanded.
 - Expanding the windows shows additional fields that are hidden when the windows are small.



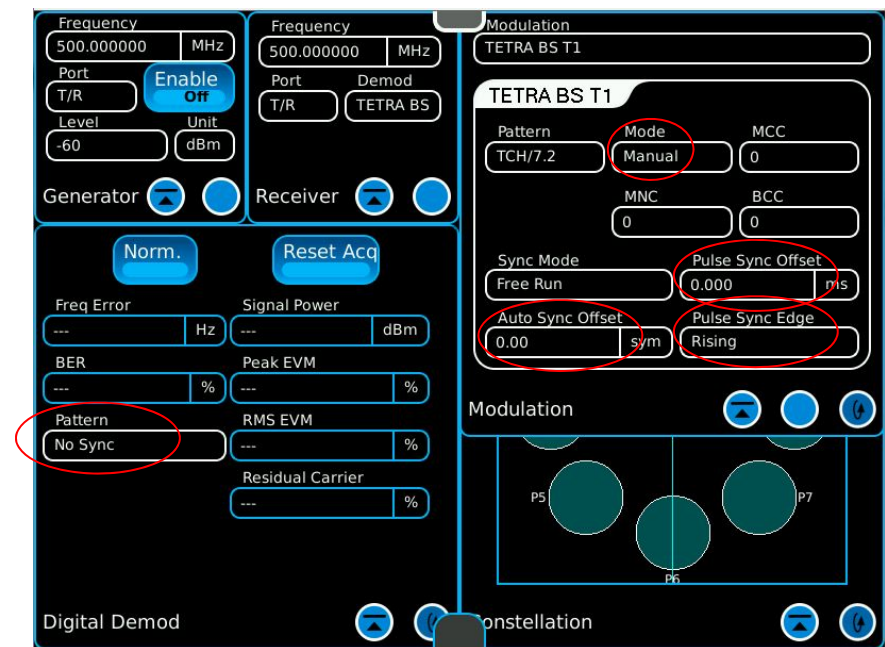
Example TETRA BS Setup with expanded windows

- The diagram to the right shows the TETRA BS setup with windows expanded to show the extra fields.
- These field values are the default parameters.
 - To select default parameters:
 - Press the button just below the display
 - Select “Sys Reset”



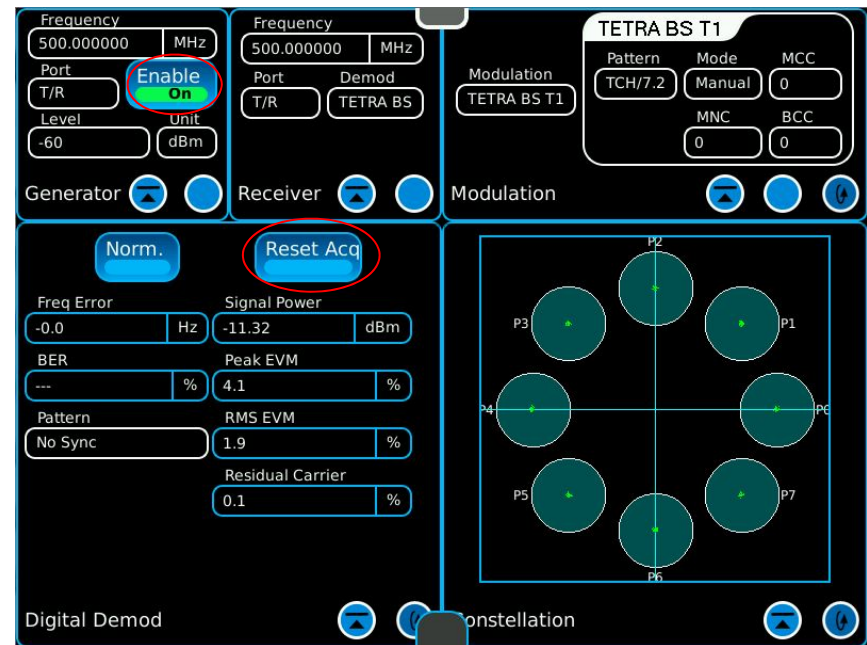
TETRA BS Setup

- Setup TETRA to match the screen to the right.
 - Modulation window changes:
 - Mode: Manual
 - Pulse Sync Offset: 0
 - Auto Sync Offset: 0
 - Pulse Sync Edge: Rising
 - Digital Demod changes:
 - Pattern: No Sync
- All other parameters are default



TETRA BS Loopback operation

- Setup for loopback mode operation
 - Enable the Generator
 - Minimize the Modulation Window by pressing the blue circle.
 - Touch “Reset Acq”
- The operation should match the display in the screen to the right.

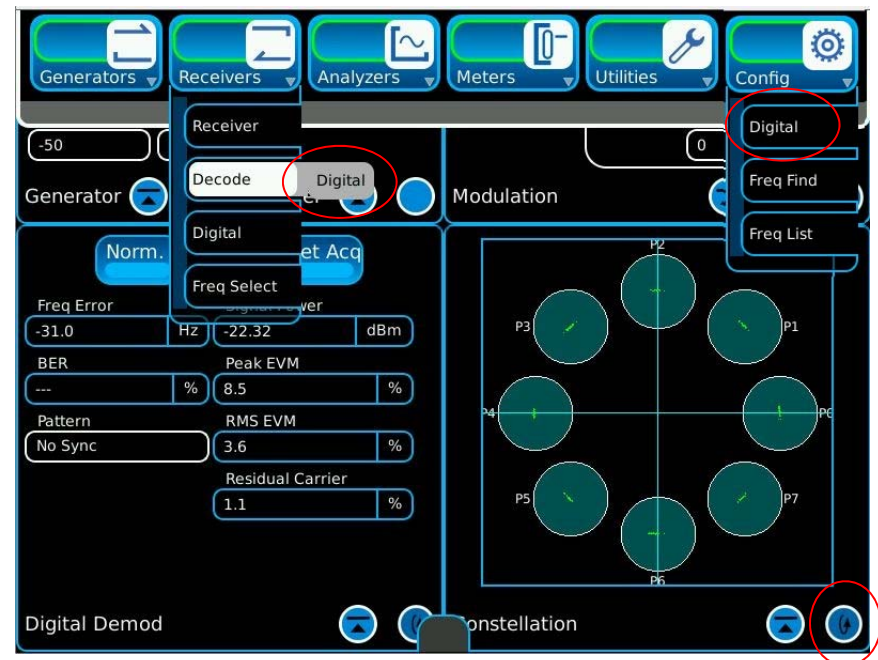


TETRA Over-The-Air Testing



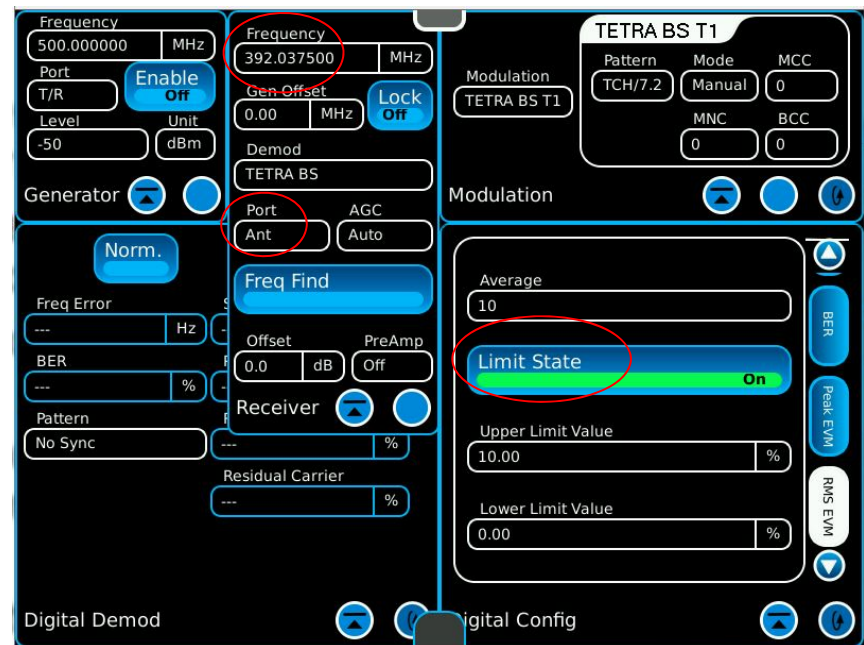
Setting up for TETRA BS OTA (Over-The-Air) Testing

- Select two additional screens for performing OTA transmitter testing
 - From the Receivers drop down menu, select Decode/Digital
 - From the Config drop down menu, select Digital
- Move both of these new windows to the lower right hand corner.
 - The “fast stack” button can be used to move through the windows.



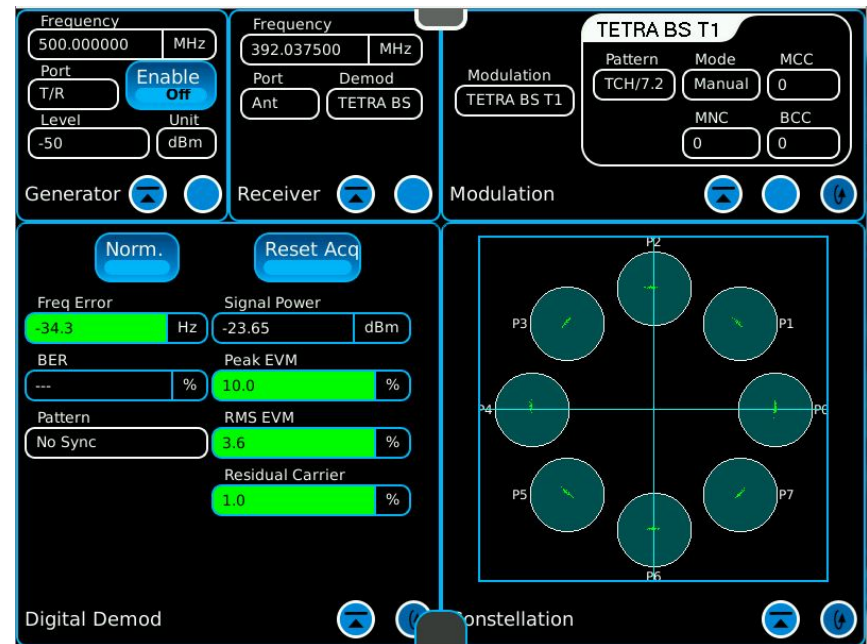
TETRA BS OTA Testing

- Expand the Receiver window
 - Enter the frequency of the TETRA Base Station transmitter
 - Select the Ant Port if testing a live base station OTA (Over-The-Air).
- In the Digital Config window, select Upper and Lower Limit Values for each parameter.
 - Turn “Limit State” On and the measurement field will indicate pass or fail (green/red indication).



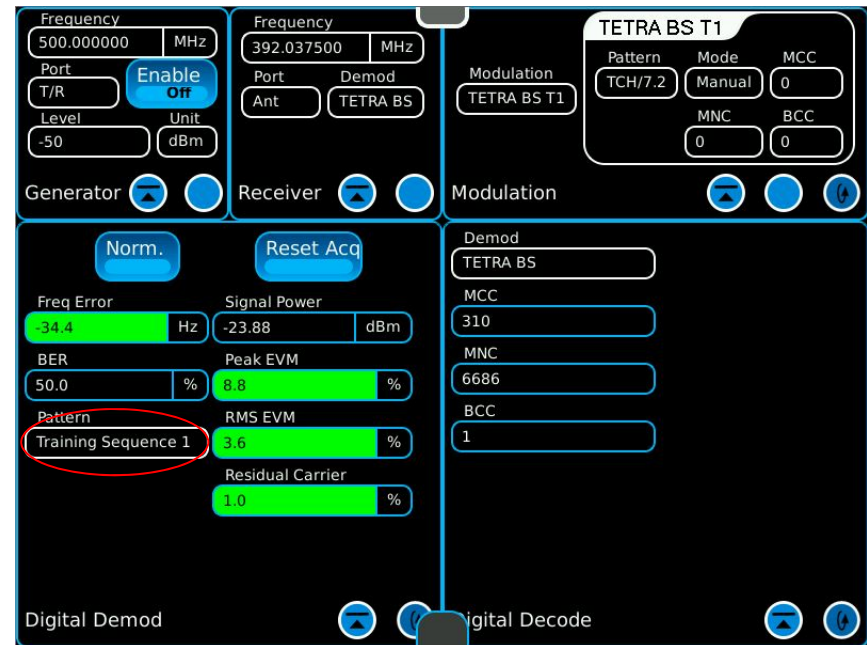
TETRA BS OTA Measurements

- The Digital Demod indicates if the measurements pass by highlighting them in green.
 - If the measurement is too high, then it is highlighted in red.
 - If the measurement is too low, then it is highlighted in blue.
 - Only applies to “Freq Error” in this scenario since the other 3 parameters on the screen can only fail if they are too high.



TETRA BS Digital Decode

- This screen to the right shows a 8800SX setup to decode the base station identity parameters.
 - The base station identity parameters consist of:
 - Mobile Country Code (MCC)
 - Mobile Network Code (MNC)
 - Base Color Code (BCC)
 - Set the Pattern to “Training Sequence 1” or “Training Sequence 2”.



TETRA Testing Using T1 Mode



Testing TETRA Base Stations in T1 Test Mode

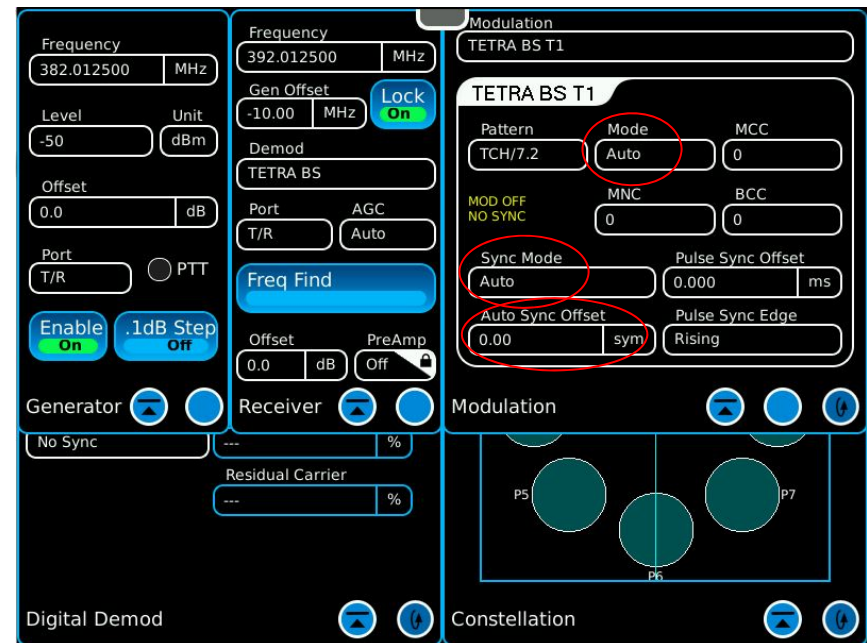
- The 8800SX supports comprehensive testing of base stations by utilizing the TETRA T1 test mode.
- This test mode enables quick and easy testing of both the transmitter and the receiver.
- Although this test mode is defined in the TETRA standard, it leaves some implementation details to the manufactures of the base stations.
- Details on how the manufacture implements test modes are available from the manufacture.
- The 8800SX supports all manufacture methods of implementation.

TETRA T1 Test Modes

- The method for making receiver measurements vary by manufacture.
- There are basically two different methods of making receiver measurements.
 - These different methods are based on the mechanism that the test instrument employs to synchronize with the TETRA base station.
 - On the 8800SX, these two methods are called:
 - Auto Synchronization Mode
 - Pulse Synchronization Mode

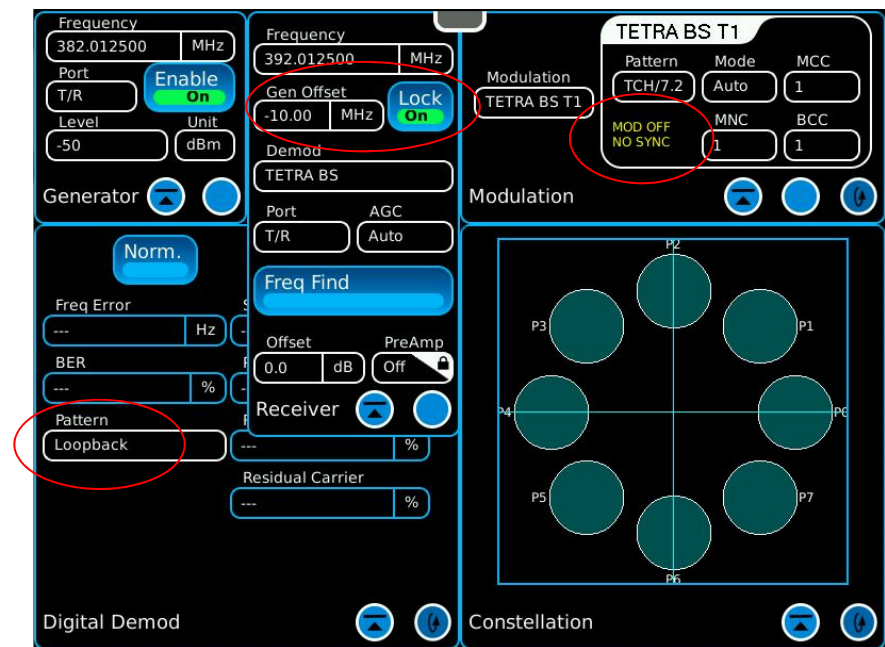
TETRA Receiver Testing in Auto Sync Mode

- The diagram to the right illustrates the fields that should be setup for performing receiver testing in Auto Sync Mode.
 - The fields outlined in red must be selected.
 - The “Mode” field should be set to “Auto” so that the 8800SX uses the MCC, MNC, and BCC values received from the base station.
 - “Auto Sync Offset” value should be set according to the manufacture.



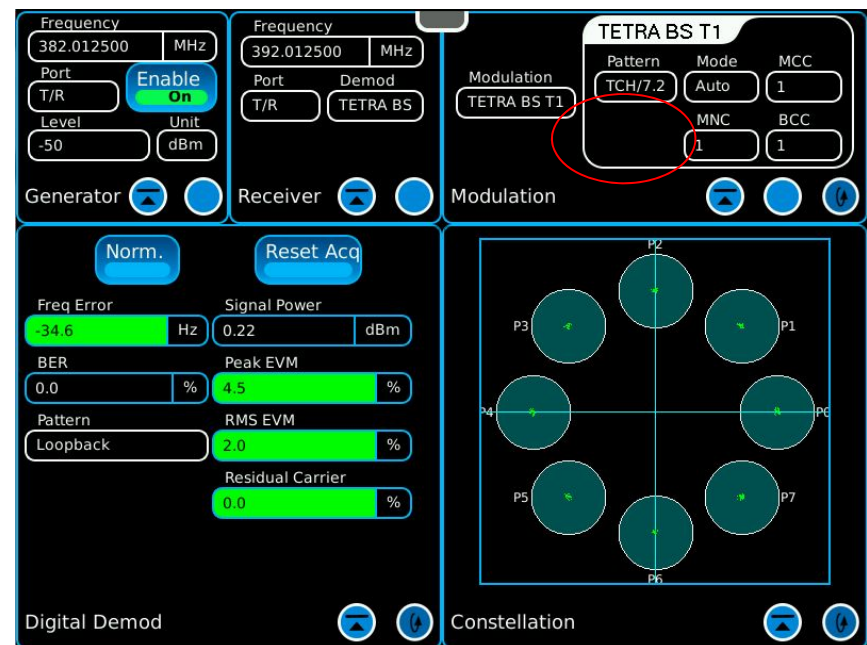
TETRA Receiver Testing in Auto Sync Mode

- Other fields to setup:
 - Set the “Pattern” field, in the Digital Demod window, to “Loopback”.
 - Some base stations may loopback the data into the transmit path.
 - The “Gen Offset” field may be used to lock an offset, for example of 10 MHz, between the receiver and generator frequency.
- “MOD OFF, NO SYNC” indicates that the 8800SX is not transmitting, since it not synchronized to the base station.



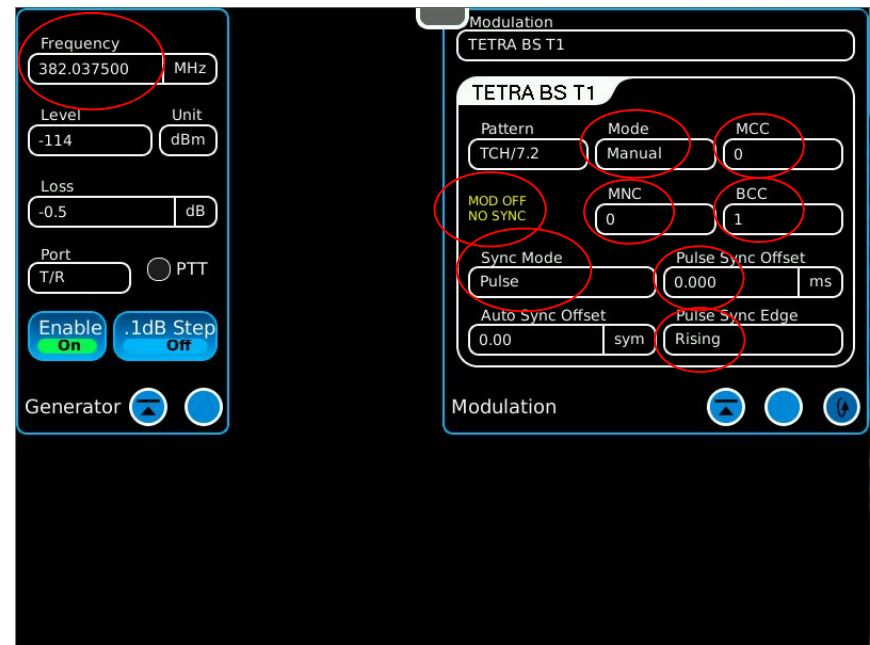
TETRA Receiver Testing in Auto Sync Mode

- When the 8800SX begins to receive the signal from the base station:
 - The “MOD OFF / NO SYNC” goes away (if Generator is enabled).
 - The 8800SX transmits the TCH/7.2 pattern, synchronized to the BS.
 - If the base station loops the data back, the BER field can be used to measure the BER of the BS.
 - Alternatively, the BS reports the BER via the manufacture defined method.



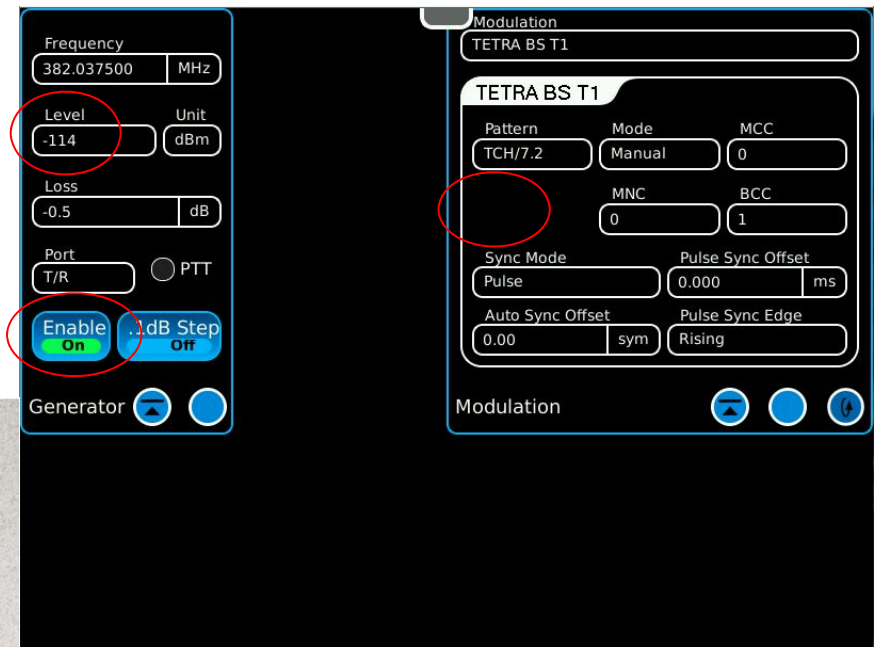
TETRA Receiver Testing in Pulse Sync Mode

- This mode of receiver testing uses a pulse trigger from the base station for synchronization.
 - The Mode selection should be set to “Manual”
 - Set MCC, MNC, and BCC according to the manufacture.
 - Set Sync Mode to “Pulse”
 - Set Pulse Sync Offset according to the manufacture. It is often “0 ms”
 - Set Pulse Sync Edge to “Rising”



TETRA Receiver Testing in Pulse Sync Mode

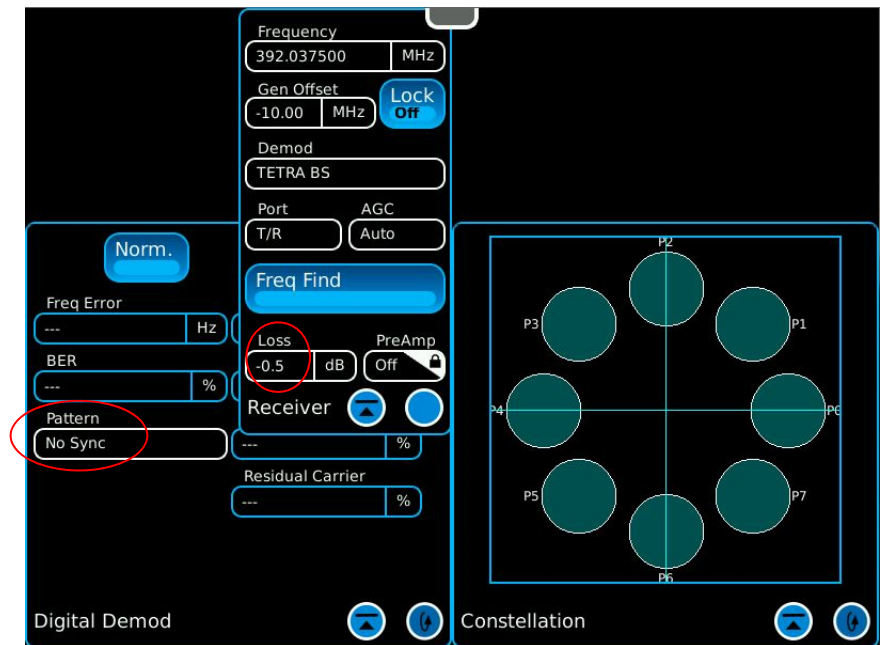
- Connect a cable from the trigger out of the base station to the BNC trigger input adapter of the 8800SX.
 - If the Generator is Enabled, the “MOD OFF / NO SYNC” indication in the Modulation tile will go away.
- The 8800SX should now be transmitting.
 - Adjust the Generate level to find the sensitivity of the BS.



Note: Generator must be enabled for the 8800SX to transmit.

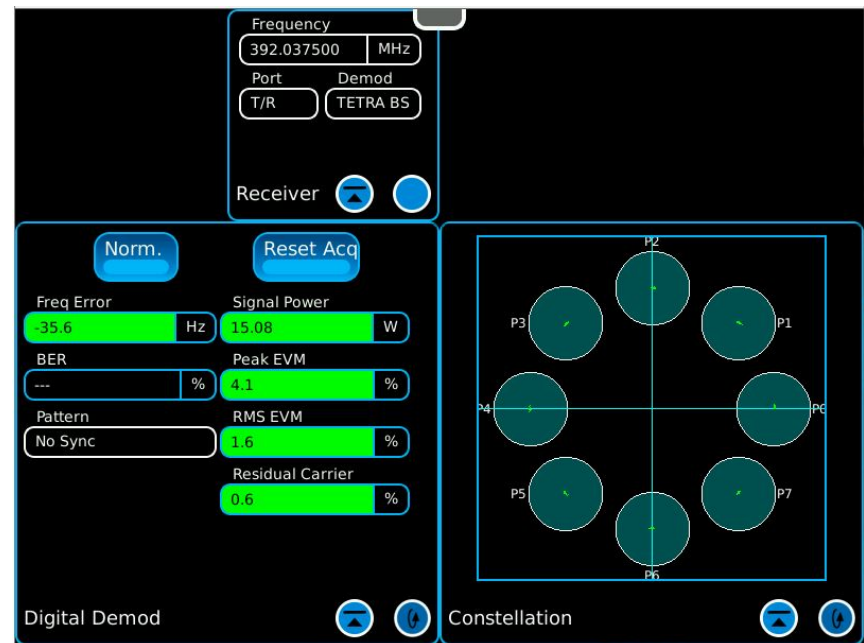
TETRA BS Transmitter Setup in T1 Test Mode

- A typical screen configuration for testing a TETRA transmitter is shown to the right.
 - The Receiver window is expanded to show all of the fields.
 - Set the Loss field with the cable loss value. Should be a negative value.
 - The Pattern field should be set to “No Sync”.



TETRA BS Transmitter Testing in T1 Test Mode

- Enable the transmitter of the base station with a T1 signal.
 - The procedure to enable the transmitter is manufacture dependent.
- Verify the measurements meet the specification of the BS manufacture and the TETRA standard.



TETRA Standard for Base Stations

- The TETRA standard specifies the following limits under normal conditions:
 - Transmitter
 - Peak EVM: < 30%
 - RMS EVM: < 10%
 - Residual Carrier < 5%
 - Freq Error
 - $\leq \pm 0.2$ ppm (≤ 520 MHz) (± 78 Hz at 390 MHz)
 - $\leq \pm 0.1$ ppm (> 520 MHz) (± 80 Hz at 800 MHz)
 - Signal power $\leq \pm 2.0$ dB of nominal value specified for the BS
 - Receiver
 - Static reference sensitivity: -115 dBm



VI.VI

www.viavisolutions.com